

We claim:

1. An isolated polynucleotide derived from a fungal source, which polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding an enzyme having endoglucanase activity.
- 5 2. An isolated polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
 - 10 (b) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
 - 15 (c) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;
 - (d) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;
 - 20 (e) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
 - (f) a nucleic acid sequence which encodes or is complementary to a sequence which encodes an EGVI polypeptide having the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
 - 25 (g) a nucleic acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:4, or the complement thereof; and
 - (h) a nucleic acid sequence that hybridizes, under high stringency conditions to the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:4, or the complement or a fragment thereof, wherein said isolated polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the biological activity of an endoglucanase.
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3. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 2, wherein % identity is calculated using the CLUSTAL-W program in MacVector version 6.5, operated with default parameters, including an open gap penalty of 10.0, an extended gap penalty of 0.1, and a BLOSUM 30 similarity matrix.
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4. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 2, wherein hybridization is conducted at 42°C in 50% formamide, 6X SSC, 5X Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS and 100 µg/ml denatured carrier DNA followed by washing two times in 2X SSPE and 0.5% SDS at room temperature and two additional times in 0.1 SSPE and 0.5% SDS at 42°C.
5. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 2, wherein said polynucleotide is an RNA molecule.
6. The isolated polynucleotide encoding an enzyme having endoglucanase activity, wherein the enzyme is derived from a *Trichoderma* source.
7. The isolated polynucleotide of Claim 6, wherein the enzyme is derived from *Trichoderma reesei*.
8. An expression construct including a polynucleotide sequence (i) having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2), or (ii) being capable of hybridizing to a probe derived from the nucleotide sequence disclosed in Figure 2 under conditions of intermediate to high stringency, or (iii) being complementary to a nucleotide sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2).
9. A vector including the expression construct of Claim 8.
10. A vector comprising an isolated polynucleotide of Claim 2, operably linked to control sequences recognized by a host cell transformed with the vector.
11. A host cell transformed with the vector of Claim 9.
12. A host cell transformed with the vector of Claim 10.
13. The host cell of Claim 12, which is a prokaryotic cell.
14. The host cell of Claim 12, which is a eukaryotic cell.
15. A recombinant host cell comprising a polynucleotide of Claim 2.
16. The recombinant host cell of Claim 15, which is a prokaryotic cell.
17. The recombinant host cell of Claim 15, which is a eukaryotic cell.
18. A substantially purified EGVI polypeptide with the biological activity of an endoglucanase, comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) an amino acid sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
 - (b) an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
 - (c) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;
 - (d) an amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;

- (e) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
- (f) an amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
- (g) a substantially purified biologically active fragment of the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2.
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19. A method of producing an enzyme having endoglucanase activity, comprising:
- (a) stably transforming a host cell with an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide as defined in Claim 2;
- (b) cultivating said transformed host cell under condition suitable for said host cell to produce said endoglucanase; and
- 10 (c) recovering said endoglucanase.
20. The method of Claim 19 wherein the host cell is a filamentous fungi or yeast cell.
21. A purified enzyme having endoglucanase activity prepared by the method of Claim 19.
- 15 22. A recombinant host cell comprising a deletion or insertion or other alteration in the egl6 gene which inactivates the gene and prevents EGVI polypeptide production.
23. An antisense oligonucleotide complementary to a messenger RNA that encodes an EGVI polypeptide having the sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2, wherein
- 20 upon exposure to a endoglucanase-producing host cell, said oligonucleotide decreases or inhibits the production of endoglucanase by said host cell.
24. The antisense oligonucleotide of Claim 23, wherein the host cell is a filamentous fungi.
25. A detergent composition, said composition comprising a polypeptide selected
- 25 from the group consisting of:
- (a) an amino acid sequence having at least 85% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
- (b) an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO:2);
- 30 (c) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;
- (d) an amino acid sequence presented in Figure 2;
- (e) an amino acid sequence having at least 95% sequence identity to the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
- 35 (f) an amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2;
- (g) a substantially purified biologically active fragment of the amino acid sequence presented as SEQ ID NO:2.

26. A method of expressing a heterologous polypeptide having β -glucosidase activity in an *Aspergillus* species, comprising:

- (a) Providing a host *Aspergillus* with an expression vector comprising a polynucleotide encoding a signal sequence linked to a polynucleotide encoding a heterologous β -glucosidase, thereby encoding a chimeric polypeptide;
- (b) Cultivating said host *Aspergillus* under conditions suitable for said *Aspergillus* to produce said chimeric polypeptide, wherein said chimeric polypeptide is produced.

27. A method of producing ethanol, said method comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting a biomass composition with an enzymatic composition comprising β -glucosidase 4 to yield a sugar solution;
- b) adding to the sugar solution a fermentative microorganism; and
- c) culturing the fermentative microorganism under conditions sufficient to produce ethanol,

wherein the biomass composition may be optionally pretreated.

28. The method of claim 27 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one endoglucanase.

29. The method of claim 27 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one cellbiohydrolase.

30. The method of claim 28 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one cellbiohydrolase.

31. The method of claim 27 wherein the pretreatment is with a dilute acid.

32. A method of producing ethanol, said method comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting a biomass composition with an enzymatic composition comprising a β -glucosidase 4 and a fermentative microorganism; and
- b) culturing the fermentative microorganism under conditions sufficient to produce ethanol,

wherein the biomass composition may be optionally pretreated.

33. The method of claim 32 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one endoglucanase.

34. The method of claim 32 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one cellbiohydrolase.

35. The method of claim 33 wherein step (a) further comprises the addition of at least one cellbiohydrolase.

36. The method of claim 32 wherein the pretreatment is with a dilute acid.